CLAIM AMENDMENTS

- Integrated device for transmitting 1. (original) 1 millimetre waves comprising 2 a laser circuit (13) able to generate optical signals;
- a photodiode circuit (17) connected to said laser circuit
- (13) by means of a waveguide (14) and able to convert said optical 5
- signals into electromagnetic signals to be transmitted in the form
- of millimetre waves;
- characterised by
- an amplifier circuit (15) associated to said waveguide
- (14) and able to apply modulation signals to said optical signals. 10
- (original) Device as claimed in claim 1, character-1
- ised in that said amplifier circuit (15) is able to modulate in
- amplitude said optical signals.
- (currently amended) Device as claimed in claim 1
- [[or 2]], characterised in that said amplifier circuit (15) com-
- prises
- modulating elements (10a, 16a) able to modulate said
- optical signals by means of a current (le) proportional to said
- modulation signals.

- 4. (original) Device as claimed in claim 3 characterised in that said modulating elements (10a, 16a) are digital.
- 5. (original) Device as claimed in claim 3 characterised in that said modulating elements (10a, 16a) are analogue.
- 6. (original) Integrated device for receiving millimetre waves, characterised by:
- a laser circuit (13) able to generate optical signals; a photodiode circuit (27) connected to said laser circuit (13) by
 means of a waveguide (20) and comprising
- receiving elements (40a, 40b) able to receive millimetric waves;
- circuit elements (19, 21) able to extract said millimetric waves.
- 7. (original) Device as claimed in claim 6, characterised in that said millimetric waves comprise a modulating component
 and in that said circuit elements (19, 21) comprise demodulating
 elements able to extract said modulating component.
- 8. (original) Device as claimed in claim 7 characterised in that said demodulating elements comprise
- biasing elements (19, 21) able to bias said photodiode circuit (27) in conditions of nonlinearity, and

- detecting elements (19, 21) associated to said biasing elements (19, 21) and able to detect said modulating component.
- 9. (original) Device as claimed in claim 8, characterised by
- an amplifier circuit associated to said waveguide (20)
 and able to co-operate with said biasing elements (19, 21) to bias
 said photodiode circuit (27).
- 10. (currently amended) Device as claimed in claim 8
 [[or 9]] characterised in that said biasing elements (19, 21) are
 able to bring to slight direct bias said photodiode circuit (27) by
 means of a voltage of 200 to 300 mV.
- 1 11. (currently amended) Device as claimed in any of the
 2 claims from claim 7 to 10, characterised in that said demodulating
 3 elements comprise circuit elements able to effect an optical beat
 4 with the optical signals generated by said laser circuit (13) and
 5 to generate electrical signals representative of said modulating
 6 component.
- 1 12. (original) Integrated device for the reception and 2 transmission of millimetric waves characterised by 3 at least one laser circuit (13) able to generate optical 4 signals;

- a first photodiode circuit (17) connected to said at
- least one laser circuit (13) by means of a first waveguide and
- having transmission elements able to transmit said optical signals
- s in the form of millimetric waves; and
- a second photodiode circuit (27) connected to said at
- least one laser circuit (13) by means of a second waveguide and
- having receiving elements able to receive millimetric waves.
- 1 13. (original) Device as claimed in claim 12, charac-
- 2 terised by
- an amplifier circuit (15) associated to said first
- waveguide and able to apply modulating signals to said optical
- signals.
- 1 14. (original) Device as claimed in claim 13, charac-
- terised in that said amplifier circuit (15) is able to modulate in
- 3 amplitude said optical signals.
- 15. (original) Device as claimed in claim 12, charac-
- terised in that said second photodiode circuit (27) comprises
- 3 biasing elements able to bias said second photodiode circuit (27)
- in conditions of nonlinearity.
- 16. (currently amended) Device as claimed in claim 11
- or 15, characterised by

- an amplifier circuit (25) associated to said second
- waveguide and able to co-operate with said biasing elements (19,
- 5 21) to bias said second photodiode circuit (27).
- 17. (currently amended) Device as claimed in any of the
- 2 claims from claim 12 [[to 16]], characterised in that said first
- photodiode (17) and said second photodiode (27) are connected in
- parallel to antenna devices (40a, 40b).
- 1 18. (currently amended) Device as claimed in any of the
- 2 claims from claim 12 [[to 16]], characterised in that said at least
- one laser circuit (13) comprises coupling elements (50) able to
- 4 couple said laser circuit (13) respectively to said first and to
- said second waveguide.
- 1 19. (original) Module for transmitting millimetric
- waves comprising
- an integrated device (1) having at least one laser
- 4 circuit (13) able to generate optical signals;
- characterised by
- a modulating circuit (60) able to generate modulating
- signals (IN-MOD); and in that said integrated device (1) comprises
- a modulating element {15} able to apply said modulation
- signals to said optical signals.

- 20. (original) Module for transmitting millimetric waves as claimed in claim 19, characterised in that
- said optical signals comprise at least two optical modes;
- 4 and in that
- said millimetric waves are generated by beat between said
- 6 two optical modes.
- 1 21. (original) Module for receiving millimetric waves
- for cooperation with the module as claimed in claim 19, character-
- 3 ised by
- an integrated device having
- at least one laser circuit (13) able to generate optical
- 6 signals;
- a photodiode circuit (27) connected to said laser circuit
- 8 (13) and able to receive millimetric waves having a modulating
- 9 component (OUT-MOD); and by
- a demodulation circuit connected to said photodiode
- circuit (27) and able to reveal said modulating component.
- 1 22. (original) Module for the transmission and recep-
- tion of millimetric waves characterised by
- a modulation circuit (60) able to generate modulating
- 4 signals (IN-MOD);
- an integrated device (1) having

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- at least one laser circuit (13) able to generate optical 6 signals; 7 a modulating element (15) able to apply said modulating signals to said optical signals; a photodiode circuit (27) connected to said least one 10 laser circuit (13) and able to receive millimetric waves having a 11 modulating component. (OUT-MOD); and by
- a demodulating circuit connected to said photodiode 13 circuit (27) and able to reveal said modulating component. 14
- 23. (original) Method for transmitting millimetre waves 1 comprising the step of 2
- generating optical signals; 3
- characterised by the steps of
- generating modulating signals corresponding to useful
- information to be transmitted; and
- applying said modulating signals to said optical signals.
- 24. (original) Method for receiving millimetric waves 1 characterised by the steps of
- generating optical signals by means of a laser circuit **{13)**;
- receiving, by means of a photodiode circuit (27) con-
- nected to said laser circuit (13) millimetric waves having a
- modulating component (OUT-MOD). 7

demodulating circuit.

- 25. (original) Method for receiving millimetric waves according to claim 24, characterised by the additional step of demodulating said modulating component by means of a
- 26. (original) Local area network for exchanging information by means of millimetric waves, characterised in that it comprises alternatively:
- at least one module for transmitting millimetric waves as claimed in claim 19; and/or
- at least one module for receiving millimetric waves as claimed in claim 21; and/or
- at least one module for transmitting and receiving millimetric waves as claimed in claim 22.